

**Exercise 53**

Find  $y''$  if  $x^6 + y^6 = 1$ .

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**Solution**

Take the derivative of both sides with respect to  $x$ .

$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^6 + y^6) = \frac{d}{dx}(1)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^6) + \frac{d}{dx}(y^6) = 0$$

$$6x^5 + 6y^5 \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(y) = 0$$

$$6x^5 + 6y^5 \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

Divide both sides by 6.

$$x^5 + y^5 \frac{dy}{dx} = 0 \tag{1}$$

Solve for  $dy/dx$ .

$$y^5 \frac{dy}{dx} = -x^5$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{x^5}{y^5}$$

Take the derivative of both sides of equation (1) with respect to  $x$ .

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left( x^5 + y^5 \frac{dy}{dx} \right) = \frac{d}{dx}(0)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^5) + \frac{d}{dx} \left( y^5 \frac{dy}{dx} \right) = 0$$

$$5x^4 + \left[ \frac{d}{dx}(y^5) \right] \frac{dy}{dx} + y^5 \left[ \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{dy}{dx} \right) \right] = 0$$

$$5x^4 + \left( 5y^4 \frac{dy}{dx} \right) \frac{dy}{dx} + y^5 \left( \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} \right) = 0$$

$$5x^4 + 5y^4 \left( \frac{dy}{dx} \right)^2 + y^5 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 0$$

Substitute the formula for  $dy/dx$ .

$$5x^4 + 5y^4 \left( -\frac{x^5}{y^5} \right)^2 + y^5 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 0$$

$$5x^4 + 5y^4 \left( \frac{x^{10}}{y^{10}} \right) + y^5 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 0$$

$$5x^4 + \frac{5x^{10}}{y^6} + y^5 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 0$$

Solve for the term with  $d^2y/dx^2$ .

$$\begin{aligned} y^5 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} &= -5x^4 - \frac{5x^{10}}{y^6} \\ &= \frac{-5x^4 y^6 - 5x^{10}}{y^6} \\ &= \frac{-5x^4(y^6 + x^6)}{y^6} \end{aligned}$$

Use the fact that  $x^6 + y^6 = 1$ .

$$\begin{aligned} y^5 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} &= \frac{-5x^4(1)}{y^6} \\ &= -\frac{5x^4}{y^6} \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, dividing both sides by  $y^5$ ,

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -\frac{5x^4}{y^{11}}.$$